

Chapter 4: The Swiss Brethren break with Zwingli

1. State the "birth dates" for the Reformation and the Anabaptist Movement.
2. This person baptized this person, in this person's house on this date.
3. Review the section on Ulrich Zwingli at the end of chapter 3 and see pages 83-84. What seemed to be the most divisive issue between Zwingli and the Grebel/Manz circle of radical reformers?
4. Why was the issue of baptism so important in the 16th century?
5. How did the Anabaptists challenge the concept of corpus christianum? (87)
6. Why are Anabaptist called the "third way"?
7. Why did a group of Anabaptists meet in Schleithem, Germany, in February, 1527? What did they do there?
8. What were the charges against Michael Sattler at his trial in May, 1527? (5 + 2)
9. Why did Anabaptism spread so rapidly among the masses? (p99)
10. What does Harold S. Bender believe were the primary contributions of the Anabaptists to American Protestantism and democracy? (see also "The Anabaptist Vision")

Know these people and their contribution to the Anabaptist story.

Ulrich Zwingli

Conrad Grebel

George Blaurock

Felix Manz

Wilhelm Reublin (also "The Radicals")

Balthasar Hubmaier

Michael and Margaretha Sattler

Harold S. Bender.